MIL-PRF-38534 CERTIFIED FACILITY



1.5A LOW NOISE, ADJUSTABLE LDO REGULATOR

4707 Dey Road Liverpool, N.Y. 13088

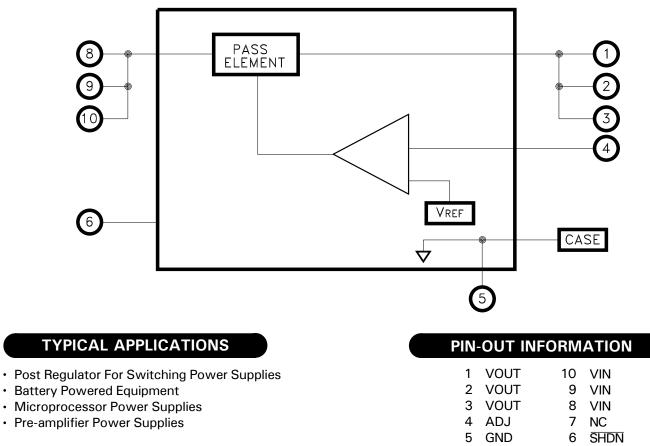
FEATURES:

- Fast Transient Response
- Low Dropout Voltage: 340mV @ 1.5A
- Low Noise: 40uVrms (10Hz to 100KHz)
- 1mA Quiescent Current
- Adjustable Output from 1.21V to 20V
- No Protection Diodes Required
- Stable with 10uF Output Capacitor
- Contact MSK for MIL-PRF-38534 Qualification Status

DESCRIPTION:

The MSK 5141 adjustable output regulator offers a low 340mV dropout voltage while supplying to 1.5A of output current. With fast transient response, this regulator has very low output noise. Excellent line and load regulation characteristics ensure accurate performance for multiple applications. A low operating quiescent current of 1mA drops to $< 1\mu$ A at shutdown. The regulator offers internal short circuit current limit, thermal limiting and reverse current protection which eliminates the need for external components and excessive derating. The MSK 5141 is available in a hermetically sealed space efficient 10 pin surface mount ceramic flatpack with built-in metal base.

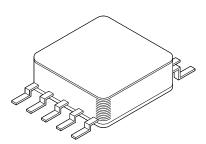
EQUIVALENT SCHEMATIC





(315) 701-6751

5141



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS 9

IN	Supply Voltage
	Output Current
VOUT	Pin Voltage
VIN	Differential Input to Output Voltage
ADJ	Pin Voltage
SHDN	Pin Voltage
	Pin Current

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Тsт	Storage Temperature Range65 °C to $+150$ °C
Tld	Lead Temperature Range
	(10 Seconds)
ΤJ	Junction Temperature
Tc	Case Operating Temperature range
	MSK 5141H
	MSK 5141

Parameter	Test Conditions (1)	Group A	MSK 5141H			M\$K 5141			Units
- arannotor		Subgroup	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Ginta
	ILOAD = 0.5A ILOAD = 1.5A	1	-	1.9	-	-	1.9	-	V
Minimum Input Voltage (2)		1	-	2.1	2.5	-	2.1	2.5	V
		2,3	-	2.1	2.5	-	-	-	V
Adjust Pin Voltage(6)(7)	$2.5V \leq VIN \leq 20V$ IOUT = 1mA	1	1.174	1.210	1.246	1.174	1.210	1.246	V
	VIN = 2.5V IOUT = 1.5A	2,3	1.174	1.210	1.246	-	-	-	V
Line Regulation	VIN = 2.7V to 20V, $VOUT = 1.5V$	1	-1.0	-	1.0	-1.0	-	1.0	%
Line Regulation	ILOAD = 1 mA	2,3	-1.0	-	1.0	-	-	-	%
Lood Population	VIN = 2.5V, VOUT = 1.5V	1	-1.0	-	1.0	-1.0	-	1.0	%
Load Regulation	Δ ILOAD = 1mA to 1.5A	2,3	-1.5	-	1.5	-	-	-	%
Dropout Voltage(8)	ILOAD = 1.5A	1	-	-	0.45	-	-	0.55	V
Dropout Voltage(8)		2,3	-	-	0.60	-	-	-	V
ADJ Pin Bias Current 6		1	-	3	10	-	3	10	uΑ
Shutdown Threshold	VOUT = Off to On	1	-	0.09	2	-	0.09	2	V
Shutdown Inreshold	VOUT = On to Off	1	0.25	0.75	-	0.25	0.75	-	V
	VSHDN = 0V	1	-	0.01	1	-	0.01	1	uA
SHDN Pin Current 2	VSHDN = 20V	1	-	3	30	-	3	30	uA
Quiescent Current in Shutdow	vn VSHDN=0V	1	-	0.01	1	-	0.01	1	uA
GND Pin Current	VIN = VOUT + 1V, ILOAD = OmA	1	-	1.1	1.6	-	1.1	1.6	mA
GND PIN Current		2,3	-	1.1	1.6	-	-	-	mA
Output Voltage Noise(2)	Cout = 10 μ F, Iload = 1.5A BW = 10Hz to 100KHz	-	-	40	-	-	40	-	uVrms
Ripple Rejection 2	VIN-VOUT = 1.5VDC, ILOAD = 0.75A $VRIPPLE (120Hz) = 0.5Vpp$	1	55	63	-	55	63	-	dB
	VIN = VOUT + 1V	1	1.6	-	-	1.6	-	-	Α
Current Limit		2.3	1.6	-	-	1.6	-	-	Α
Reverse Output Current 2	VIN < VOUT	1	-	600	1200	-	600	1200	uA
Thermal Resistance(2)	Junction to Case @ 125°C	-	-	7.6	8.7	-	7.6	8.7	°C/W

NOTES:

(1) The output is decoupled to ground using a 100 μ F low ESR tantalum capacitor in parallel with a 1 μ F ceramic capacitor. See figure 1 for typical circuit.

2 Guaranteed by design but not tested. Typical parameters are representative of actual device performance but are for reference only.

③ Industrial grade devices shall be tested to subgroups 1 unless otherwise requested.
④ Military grade devices ("H" suffix) shall be 100% tested to subgroups 1,2 and 3.

 $TC = +25 \circ C$ 5 Subgroup 1

Subgroup 2 TC = +125 °C

Subgroup 3 TC = -55 °C

6 Adjust pin connected to VOUT pin.

(7) Reference current limit typical performance curves for input to output differential limitations.

(8) The minimum input voltage requirement must be maintained.

(9) Continuous operation at or above absolute maximum ratings may adversely effect the device performance and/or life cycle.

APPLICATION NOTES

OUTPUT ADJUST

The output voltage range of the MSK 5141 is 1.21V to 20V. The output voltage is set by the ratio of two external resistors as shown in Figure 1. The device monitors the output to maintain the voltage at the ADJ pin. The ADJ pin is the input to the error amplifier. It has a bias current of 3μ A which flows through R2 into the pin. The ADJ pin voltage is 1.21V referenced to ground. The value of R1 should be less than 4.17K to minimize errors in the output voltage caused by the ADJ pin bias current. Reference the typical performance curves for load regulation variation due to the change in the output voltage.

INPUT BYPASS CAPACITORS

Unless the regulator is located very close to the main input filter capacitor, a 1μ F to 10μ F low ESR tantalum capacitor should be added to the regulator's input to maximize transient response and minimize power supply transients. A 0.1μ F ceramic capacitor should also be used for high frequency bypassing.

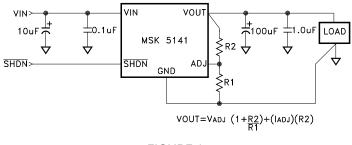


FIGURE 1

OUTPUT CAPACITOR SELECTION

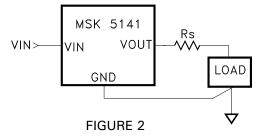
For most applications a 10μ F low ESR tantalum capacitor, as close to the regulators output as possible, is all that is required for the MSK 5141 to be stable. When using a 10μ F capacitor on the lower output voltage devices, a minimum ESR is required of the capacitor. This requirement decreases from 20m Ω on the 1.5V output regulator to 5m Ω on the 3.3V output regulator. With an increase in capacitance, the minimum ESR requirement decreases. At 100µF, the minimum ESR requirement decreases to $5m\Omega$ for all versions of the MSK 5141. To reduce ringing and improve transient response, capacitors with slightly larger ESR in the range of $20m\Omega$ to $50m\Omega$ provides improved damping. Capacitors with higher ESR can be combined in parallel with low ESR ceramic capacitors for good high frequency response and settling time. The maximum ESR value must be less than 3Ω . Care must be taken when selecting a ceramic type. The X5R and X7R are the best choice for output stability when considering response due to applied voltage and temperature.

REVERSE VOLTAGE PROTECTION

The regulators are protected against reverse input and output voltages. Reverse input voltages up to 20V will be blocked from the input while current flow is limited to less than 1mA. The reverse voltage on the input is also prevented from appearing on the output and the load. When the input voltage is pulled down to ground and the output is held up by a second source, the current flow between them is limited to typically 600μ A. See the electrical specifications table.

LOAD REGULATION

In voltage regulator applications where very large load currents are present, the load connection is very important. The path connecting the output of the regulator to the load must be extremely low impedance to avoid affecting the load regulation specifications. As shown in figure 2, any impedance (Rs) in this path will form a voltage divider with the load. For best results the ground pin should be connected directly to the load as shown in figure 2. The direct connection eliminates the effect the potential voltage drop in the power ground path can have on the internal ground sensing, thus improving load regulation. The MSK 5141 ground pin trace must be designed to carry the ground pin current without significant voltage drops. See typical performance curves.



SHUTDOWN MODE

The SHDN pin is used to put the regulator into its low power state. The output will be off when the SHDN pin is pulled low. Quiescent current drops from 1mA to less the 1μ A in shutdown mode. The SHDN pin can be driven by 5V logic or open-collector logic with a pull-up resistor. The typical SHDN pin current is 3uA. Connect the SHDN pin to VIN if not used. If the SHDN pin is not connected, the regulator will go into a low power shutdown state.

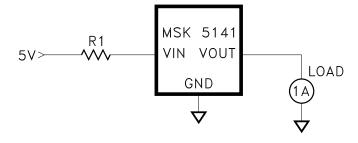
OVERLOAD PROTECTION

The MSK 5141 regulator features both current limit and thermal overload protection. Within the safe operating region, the regulator will current limit above the 1.6 amp rating. As the input to output voltage increases, however, the current limit decreases to keep the output transistor within its power dissipation limitation. See the Current Limit Typical Curves for conditional performance detail. If the device heats enough to exceed its rated die junction temperature due to excessive ambient temperature, improper heat sinking etc., the regulator will shutdown until an appropriate junction temperature is maintained. To bring the regulator out of shutdown, the device input may need to be cycled to zero and power reapplied to eliminate the shutdown condition.

APPLICATION NOTES CONT'D

MINIMIZING POWER DISSIPATION:

To maximize the performance and reduce power dissipation of the MSK 5141 device, VIN should be maintained as close to dropout or at VIN minimum when possible. See Input Supply Voltage requirements. A series resistor can be used to lower VIN close to the dropout specification, lowering the input to output voltage differential. In turn, this will decrease the power that the device is required to dissipate. Knowing peak current requirements and worst case voltages, a resistor can be selected that will drop a portion of the excess voltage and help to distribute the heating. The circuit below illustrates this method.



The maximum resistor value can be calculated from the following:

Where:

VIN min = Minimum input voltage

VOUT max = Maximum output voltage across the full Temperature range

VDROP = Worst case dropout voltage (Typically 430mV) IOUT peak = Maximum load current

GND Pin Current = Max. GND Pin Current at IOUT peak

HEAT SINK SELECTION

To select a heat sink for the MSK 5141, the following formula for convective heat flow may be used.

Governing Equation:

 $T_J = P_D X (R_{\theta JC} + R_{\theta CS} + R_{\theta SA}) + T_A$

Where

TJ= Junction TemperaturePD= Total Power DissipationRθJC= Junction to Case Thermal ResistanceRθCS= Case to Heat Sink Thermal ResistanceRθSA= Heat Sink to Ambient Thermal ResistanceTA= Ambient Temperature

Power Dissipation = (VIN-VOUT) x lout

Next, the user must select a maximum junction temperature. The absolute maximum allowable junction temperature is 150° C. The equation may now be rearranged to solve for the required heat sink to ambient thermal resistance (ResA).

Example:

An MSK 5141 is connected for VIN = +5V and VOUT = +3.3V. IOUT is a continuous 1.0A DC level. The ambient temperature is $+25^{\circ}$ C. The maximum desired junction temperature is $+125^{\circ}$ C.

 $R_{\theta JC} = 7.6\,^{o}C/W$ and $R_{\theta CS} = 0.15\,^{o}C/W$ for most thermal greases

Power Dissipation =
$$(5V-3.3V) \times (1.0A)$$

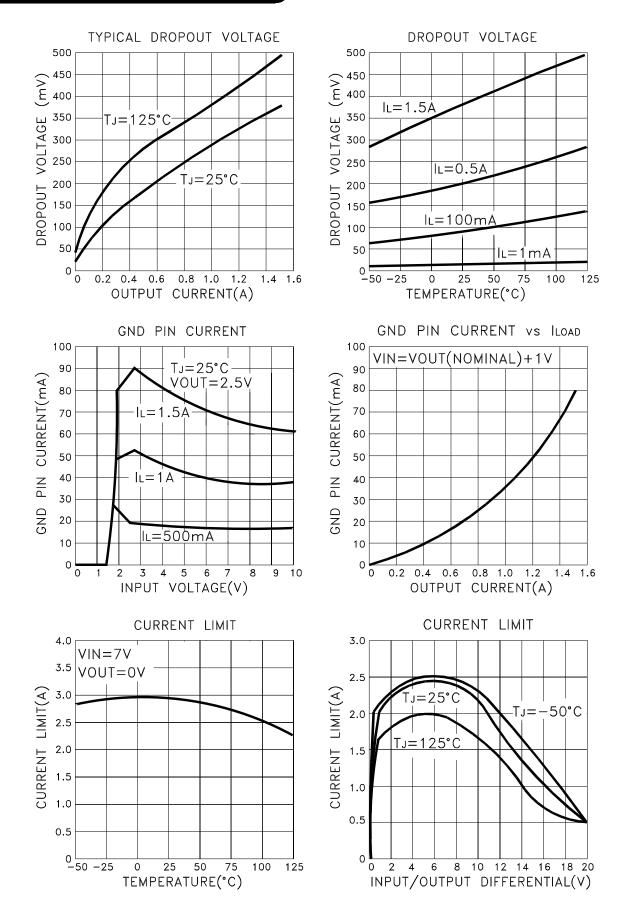
= 1.7 Watts

Solve for R0SA:

$$R_{\theta SA} = \left[\frac{125^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C}{1.7W}\right] - 7.6^{\circ}C/W - 0.15^{\circ}C/W$$
$$= 51.1^{\circ}C/W$$

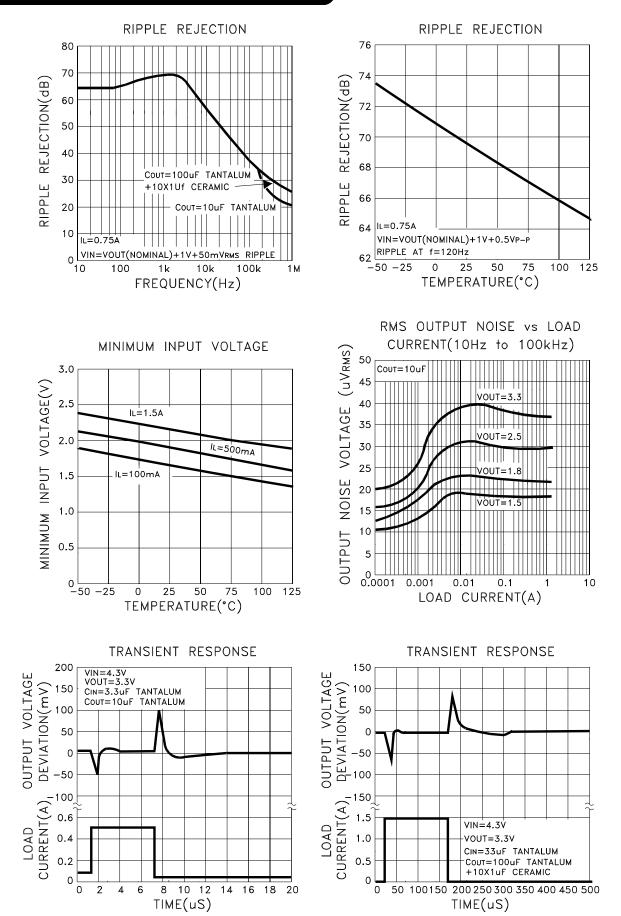
In this example, a heat sink with a thermal resistance of no more than 51.1°C/W must be used to maintain a maximum junction temperature of no more than 125°C.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

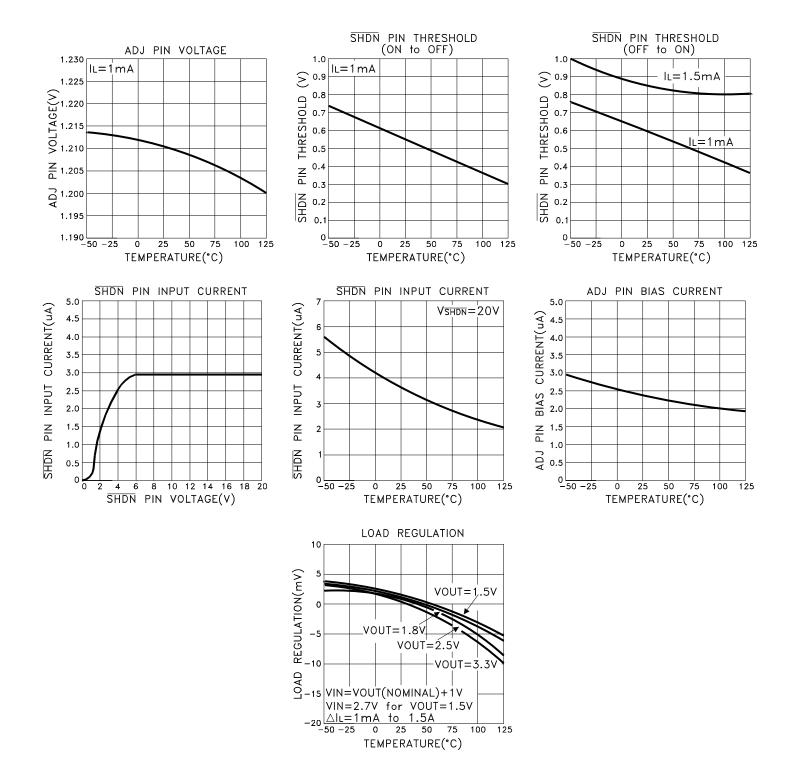


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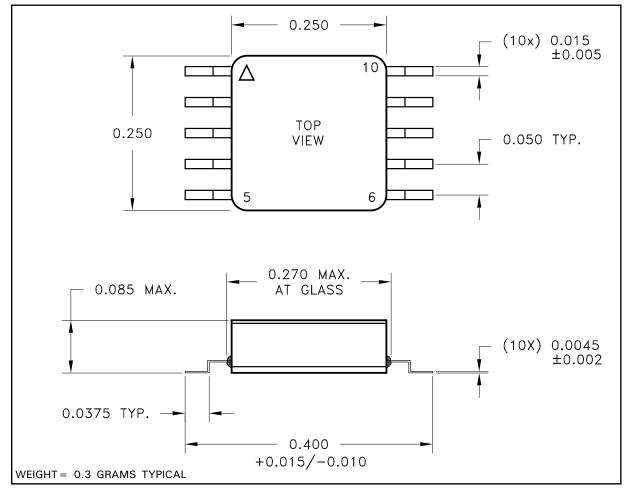
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES CONT'D



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES CONT'D



MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS



NOTE: ALL DIMENSIONS ARE ± 0.010 INCHES UNLESS OTHERWISE LABELED. ESD Triangle indicates Pin 1.

ORDERING INFORMATION

MSK5141 H SCREENING BLANK = INDUSTRIAL H = MIL-PRF-38534 CLASS H GENERAL PART NUMBER

The above example is an adjustable Military regulator.

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