

Xinger®

Hybrid Coupler 3 dB, 90°

Description:

The XC2100A-03 is a low profile, high performance 3dB hybrid coupler in a new easy to use, manufacturing friendly surface mount package. It is designed for UMTS and other 3G applications. The XC2100A-03 is designed particularly for balanced power and low noise amplifiers, plus signal distribution and other applications where low insertion loss and tight amplitude and phase balance is required. It can be used in high power applications up to 145 Watts.

Parts have been subjected to rigorous qualification testing and they are manufactured using materials with coefficients of thermal expansion (CTE) compatible with common substrates such as FR4, G-10, RF-35, RO4350 and polyimide. Available in both 5 of 6 tin lead (XC2100A-03P) and 6 of 6 tin immersion (XC2100A-03S) RoHS compliant finishes.

Electrical Specifications**

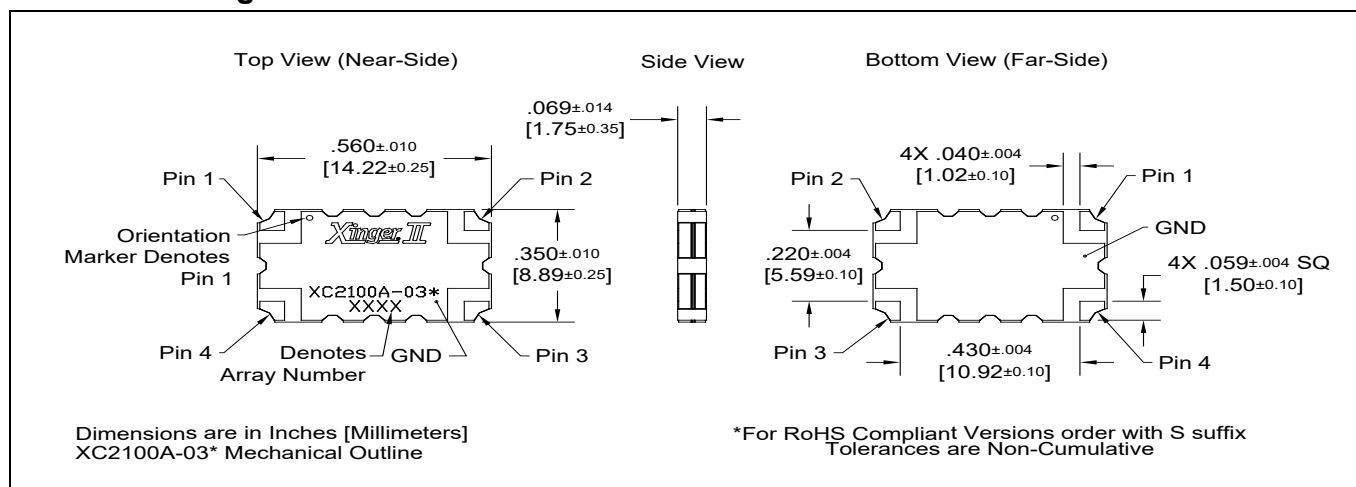
Frequency	Isolation	Insertion Loss	VSWR
MHz	dB Min	dB Max	Max : 1
2000-2300	23	0.15	1.15
2110-2170	25	0.12	1.12
Amplitude Balance	Phase	Power	Operating Temp.
dB Max	Degrees	Avg. CW Watts	°C
± 0.15	90 ± 2.0	105	-55 to +95
± 0.10	90 ± 2.0	145	-55 to +95

Features:

- 2000-2300 MHz
- UMTS and other 3G
- High Power
- Very Low Loss
- Tight Amplitude Balance
- High Isolation
- Production Friendly
- Tape and Reel
- Available in Lead-Free (as illustrated) or Tin-Lead
- Reliable, FIT=0.53

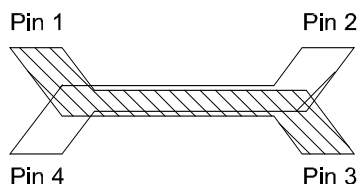
**Specification based on performance of unit properly installed on TTM Test Board 58481-0001 with small signal applied. Specifications subject to change without notice. Refer to parameter definitions for details

Outline Drawing:



Hybrid Coupler Pin Configuration

The XC2100A-03S has an orientation marker to denote Pin 1. Once port one has been identified the other ports are known automatically. Please see the chart below for clarification:

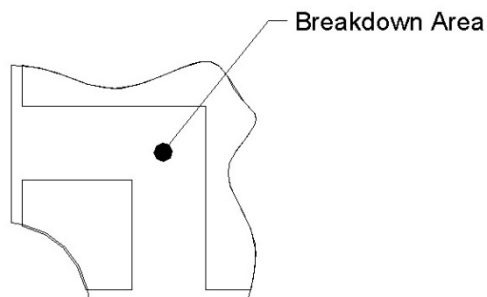


Configuration	Pin 1	Pin 2	Pin 3	Pin 4
Splitter	Input	Isolated	$-3\text{dB } \angle\theta - 90$	$-3\text{dB } \angle\theta$
Splitter	Isolated	Input	$-3\text{dB } \angle\theta$	$-3\text{dB } \angle\theta - 90$
Splitter	$-3\text{dB } \angle\theta - 90$	$-3\text{dB } \angle\theta$	Input	Isolated
Splitter	$-3\text{dB } \angle\theta$	$-3\text{dB } \angle\theta - 90$	Isolated	Input
*Combiner	$A \angle\theta - 90$	$A \angle\theta$	Isolated	Output
*Combiner	$A \angle\theta$	$A \angle\theta - 90$	Output	Isolated
*Combiner	Isolated	Output	$A \angle\theta - 90$	$A \angle\theta$
*Combiner	Output	Isolated	$A \angle\theta$	$A \angle\theta - 90$

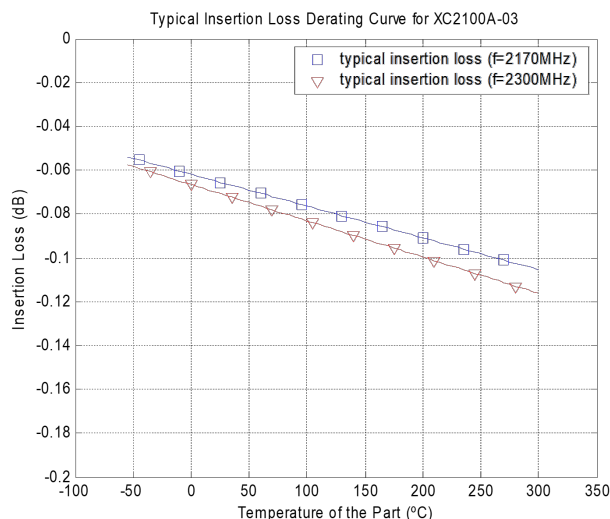
*Note: "A" is the amplitude of the applied signals. When two quadrature signals with equal amplitudes are applied to the coupler as described in the table, they will combine at the output port. If the amplitudes are not equal, some of the applied energy will be directed to the isolated port.

Peak Power Handling

High-Pot testing of these couplers during the qualification procedure resulted in a minimum breakdown voltage of 1.7KV (minimum recorded value). This voltage level corresponds to a breakdown resistance capable of handling at least 12dB peaks over average power levels, for very short durations. The breakdown location consistently occurred across the air interface at the coupler contact pads (see illustration below). The breakdown levels at these points will be affected by any contamination in the gap area around these pads. These areas must be kept clean for optimum performance. It is recommended that the user test for voltage breakdown under the maximum operating conditions and over worst case modulation induced power peaking. This evaluation should also include extreme environmental conditions (such as high humidity).

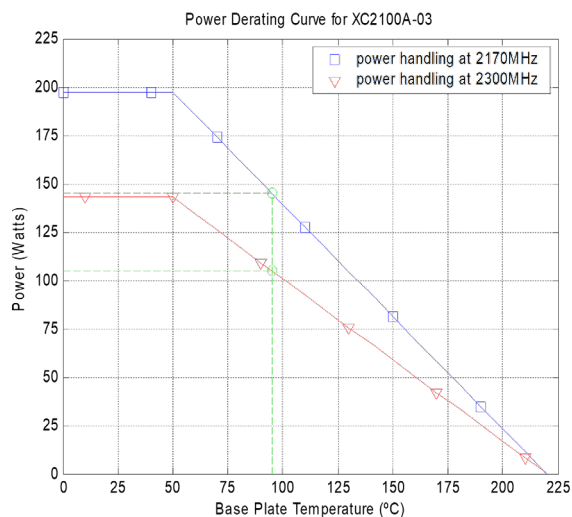


Insertion Loss and Power Derating Curves



Insertion Loss Derating

The insertion loss, at a given frequency, of a group of couplers is measured at 25°C and then averaged. The measurements are performed under small signal conditions (i.e. using a Vector Network Analyzer). The process is repeated at 95°C, 150°C, and 200°C. A best-fit line for the measured data is computed and then plotted from -55°C to 300°C.

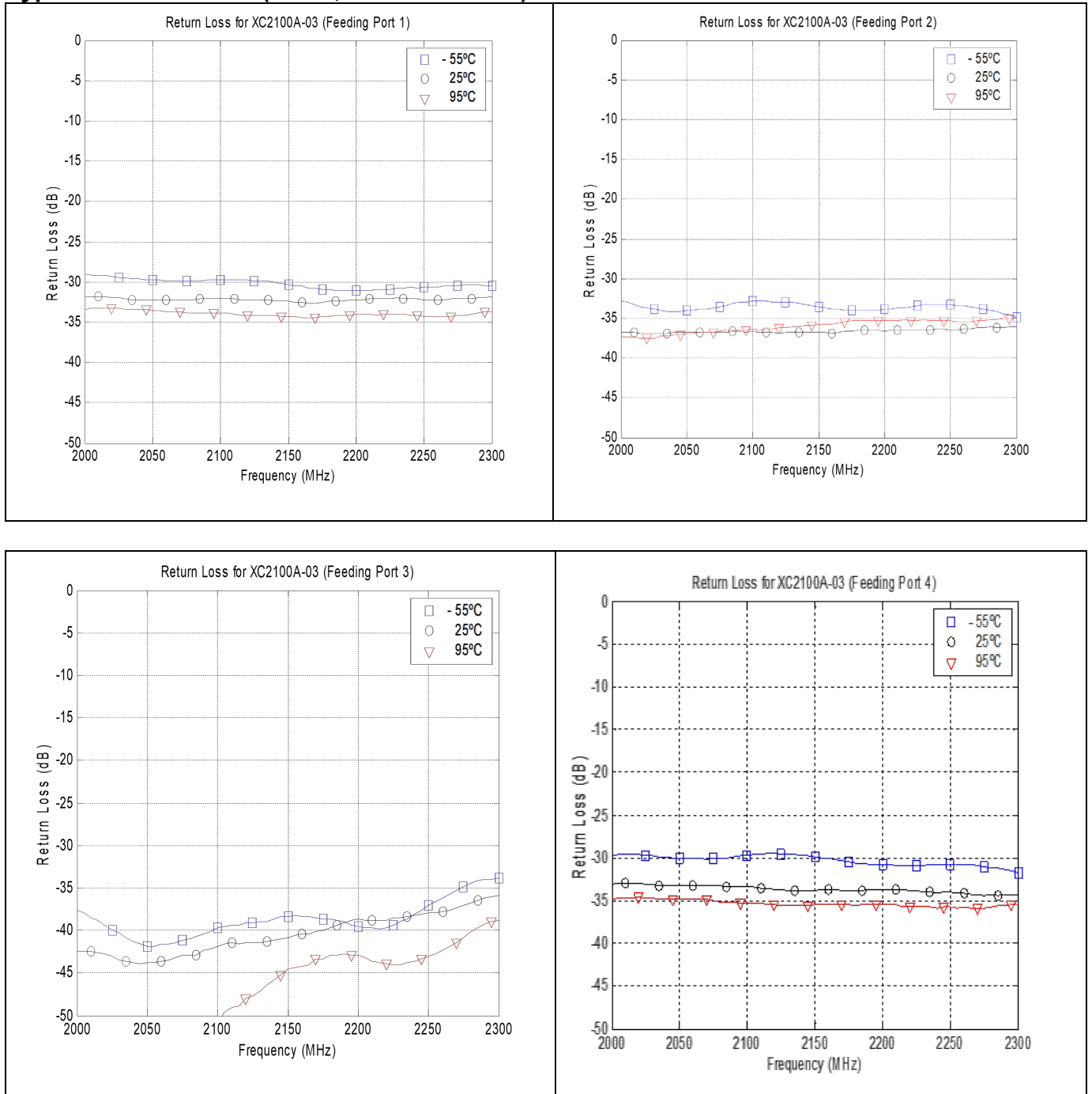


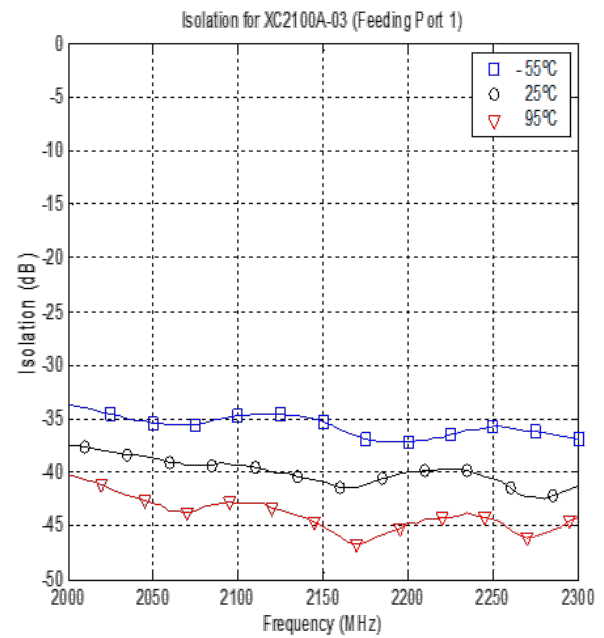
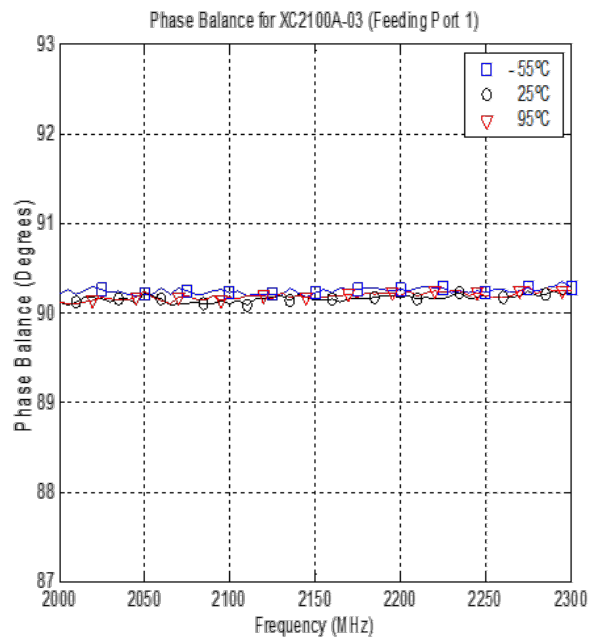
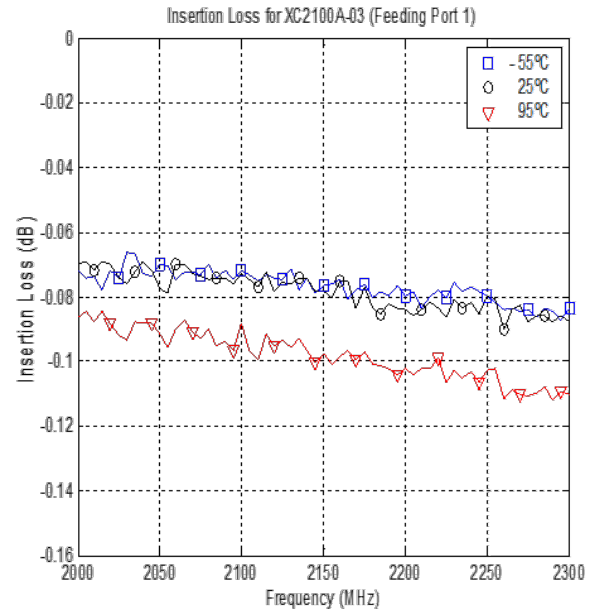
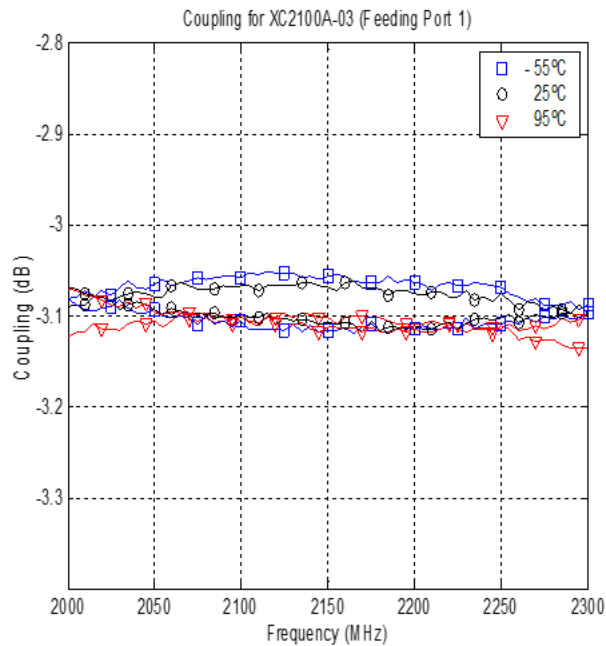
Power Derating

The power handling and corresponding power derating plots are a function of the thermal resistance, mounting surface temperature (base plate temperature), maximum continuous operating temperature of the coupler, and the thermal insertion loss. The thermal insertion loss is defined in the Power Handling section of the data sheet.

As the mounting interface temperature approaches the maximum continuous operating temperature, the power handling decreases to zero.

Typical Performance (-55°C, 25°C and 95°C): 2000-2300 MHz





Definition of Measured Specifications

Parameter	Definition	Mathematical Representation
VSWR (Voltage Standing Wave Ratio)	The impedance match of the coupler to a 50Ω system. A VSWR of 1:1 is optimal.	$VSWR = \frac{V_{max}}{V_{min}}$ Vmax = voltage maxima of a standing wave Vmin = voltage minima of a standing wave
Return Loss	The impedance match of the coupler to a 50Ω system. Return Loss is an alternate means to express VSWR.	$Return\ Loss(dB) = 20\log \frac{VSWR + 1}{VSWR - 1}$
Insertion Loss	The input power divided by the sum of the power at the two output ports.	$Insertion\ Loss(dB) = 10\log \frac{P_{in}}{P_{cpl} + P_{direct}}$
Isolation	The input power divided by the power at the isolated port.	$Isolation(dB) = 10\log \frac{P_{in}}{P_{iso}}$
Phase Balance	The difference in phase angle between the two output ports.	Phase at coupled port – Phase at direct port
Amplitude Balance	The power at each output divided by the average power of the two outputs.	$10\log \frac{P_{cpl}}{(P_{cpl} + P_{direct})/2} \text{ and } 10\log \frac{P_{direct}}{(P_{cpl} + P_{direct})/2}$

Packaging and Ordering Information:

Parts are available in both reel and tube. Packaging follows EIA 481-2. Parts are oriented in tape and reel as shown below. Minimum order quantities are 2000 per reel and 30 per tube. See Model Numbers below for further ordering information.

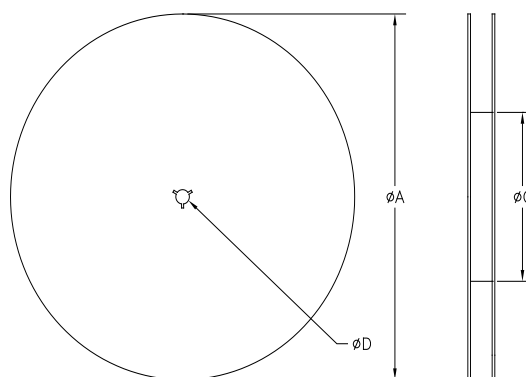
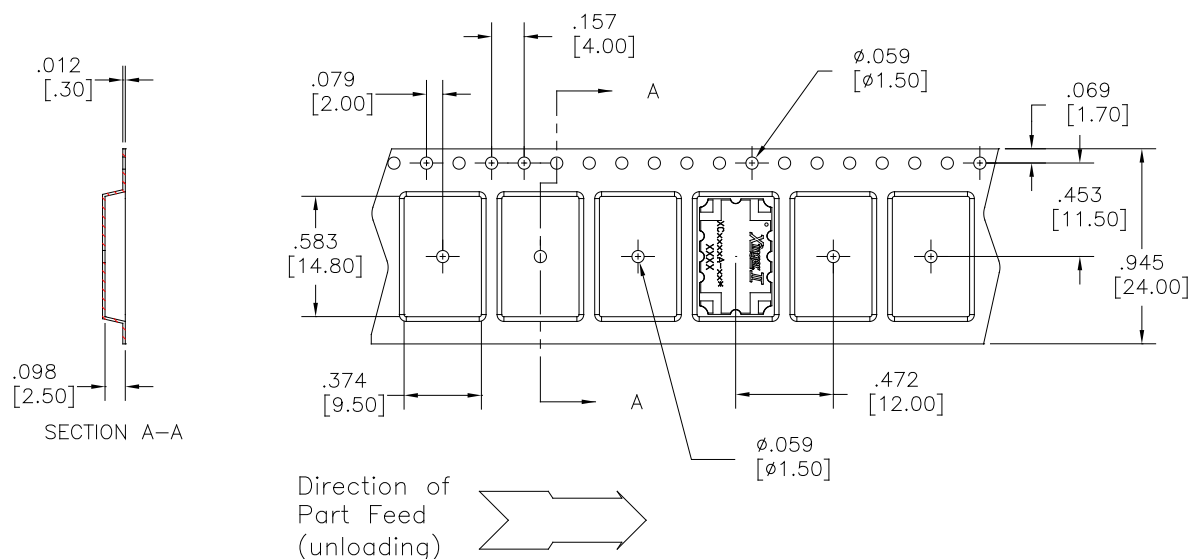


TABLE 1	
REEL DIMENSIONS (inches [mm])	
ϕA	13.3 [333.0]
B	0.945 [24.0]
ϕC	4.017 [102.03]
ϕD	0.512 [13.0]

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