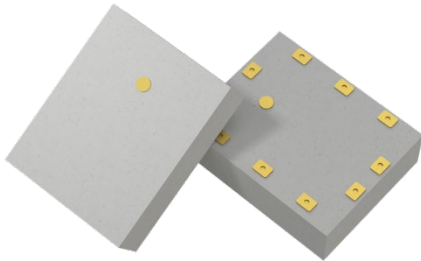




**Ultra Wide Band 1210 Balun  
50Ω to 100Ω Balanced**

**Description:**

The XMB0220K1-50100G is an ultra-small (1210), low profile, broadband balanced to unbalanced transformer in an easy to use Xinger style manufacturing friendly surface mount package. The XMB0220K1-50100G has an unbalanced port impedance of 50Ω and a 100Ω balanced port impedance, with class leading CMRR. Which is ideal for Converter applications in the following markets: Test and Measurement, Telecom and COTS Mil-Aero. This transformer enables single ended signals to be applied to differential ports on RFSOC's, ADC's, DAC's and integrated RF chipsets. The output ports have equal amplitude (-3dB) with 180 degree phase differential.



All of the Xinger components are constructed from ceramic filled PTFE composites, which possess excellent electrical and mechanical stability. All parts have been subjected to rigorous Xinger qualification testing and units are 100% RF tested. Produced in an ENIG final finish.

**Features:**

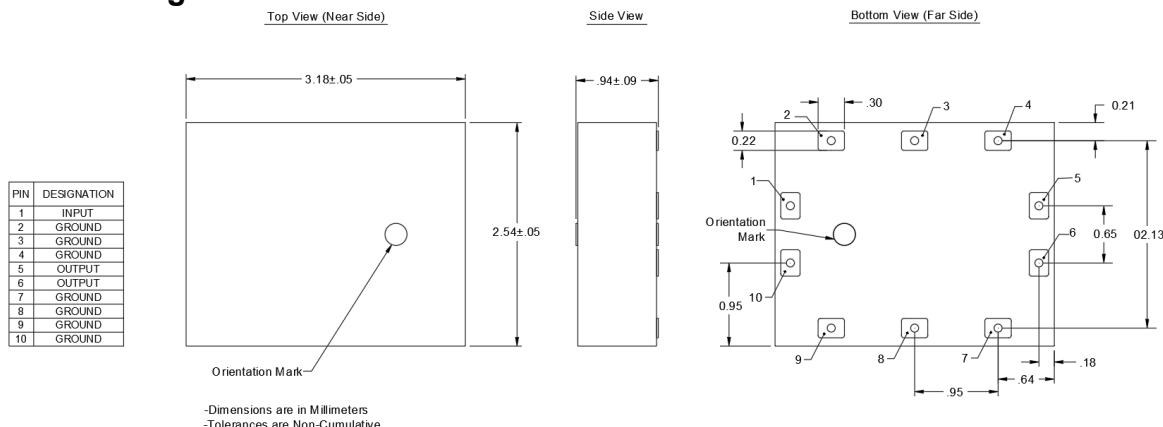
- 180 to 1900 MHz
- 50 Ohm to 2 x 50 Ohm
- 0.94mm Height Profile
- CMRR 27dB
- Test and Measurement, Telecom and COTS Mil-Aero
- Low Loss (<5dB)
- Tight Amplitude Balance (± 0.6dB)
- Non-conductive Surface
- Production Friendly
- RoHS Compliant
- Halogen Free
- Tape and Reel

**Electrical Specifications\*:**

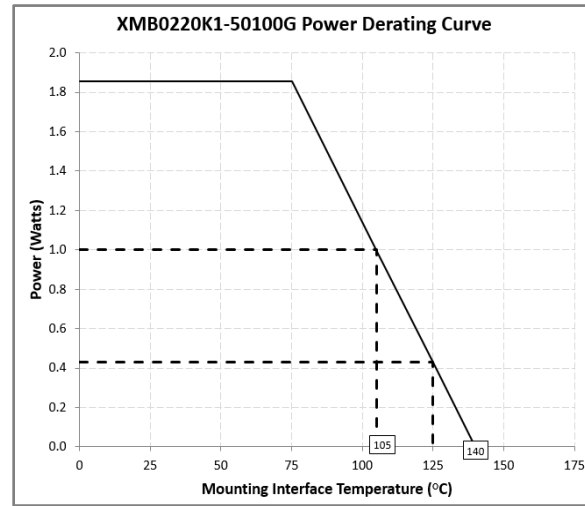
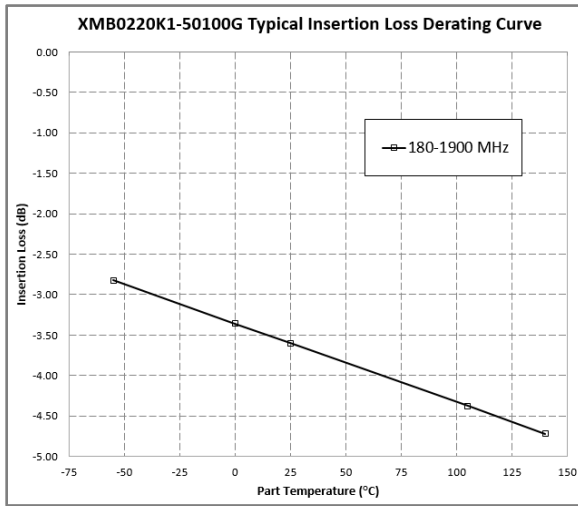
Frequency	Port Impedance	Insertion Loss	Return Loss	Amplitude Imbalance
MHz	Unbalanced:Balanced	dB Max	dB Min	dB Max
180-1900	50:100	5	10	± 0.8
	Phase Imbalance	CMRR	Power	Operating Temp.
	Degrees	dB Min	Avg. Watts @105°C	°C
	180 ± 4	27	1	-55 to +140

\*Specification based on performance of unit properly installed on a TTM test board with small signal applied. Specifications subject to change without notice. Refer to parameter definitions for details.

**Outline Drawing:**



## Insertion Loss and Power Derating Curves:



### Insertion Loss Derating:

The insertion loss, at a given frequency, of the Balun is measured at 25°C and then averaged. The measurements are performed under small signal conditions (i.e. using a Vector Network Analyzer). The process is repeated at -55°C and 140°C. A best-fit line for the measured data is computed and then plotted from -55°C to 140°C.

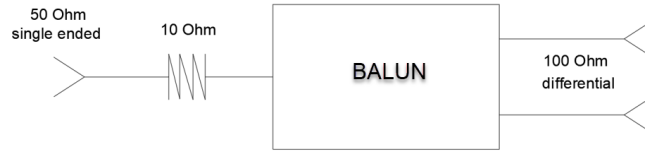
### Power Derating:

The power handling and corresponding power derating plots are a function of the thermal resistance, mounting surface temperature (base plate temperature), maximum continuous operating temperature of the Balun, and the thermal insertion loss. The thermal insertion loss is defined in the Power Handling section of the data sheet.

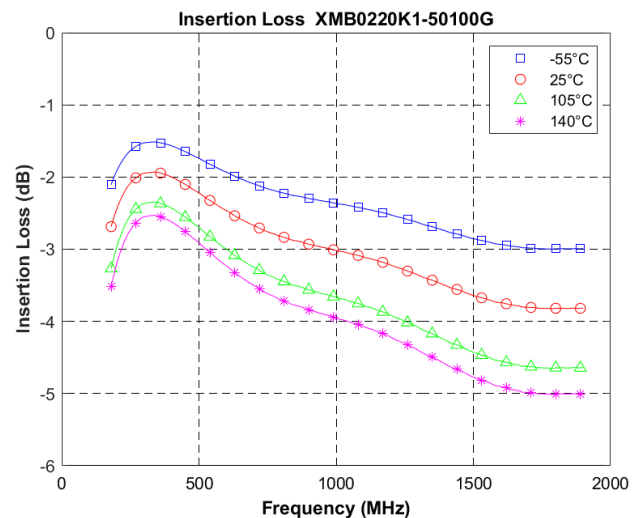
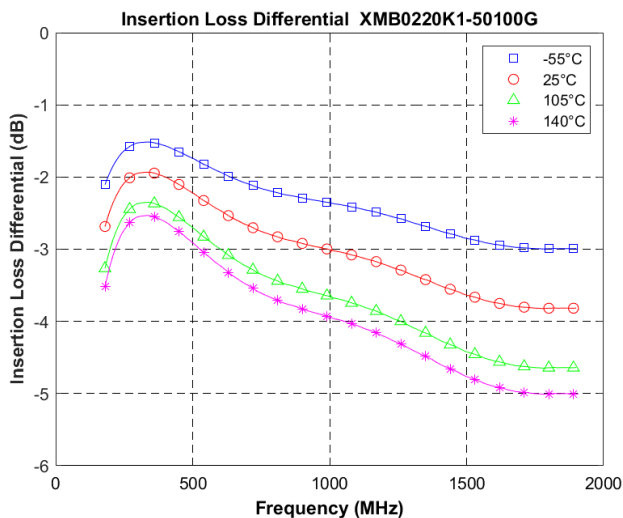
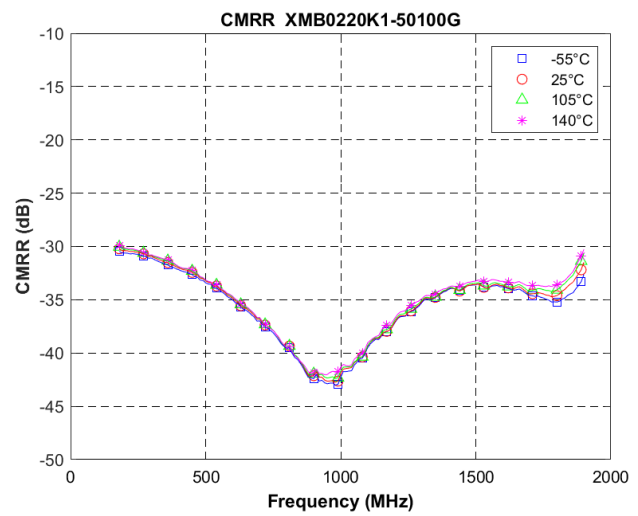
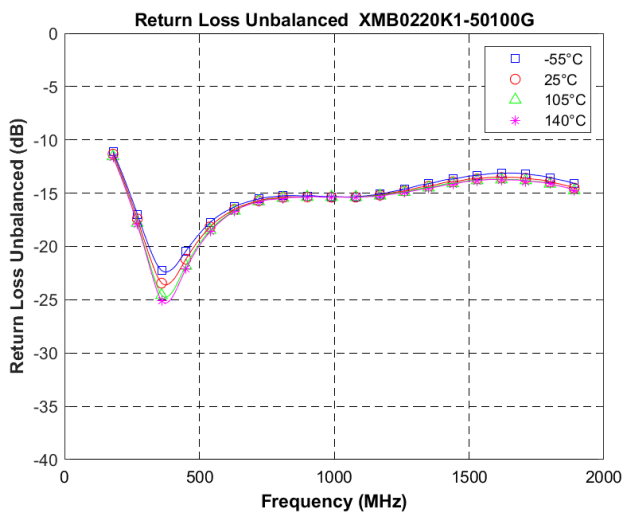
As the mounting interface temperature approaches the maximum continuous operating temperature, the power handling decreases to zero.

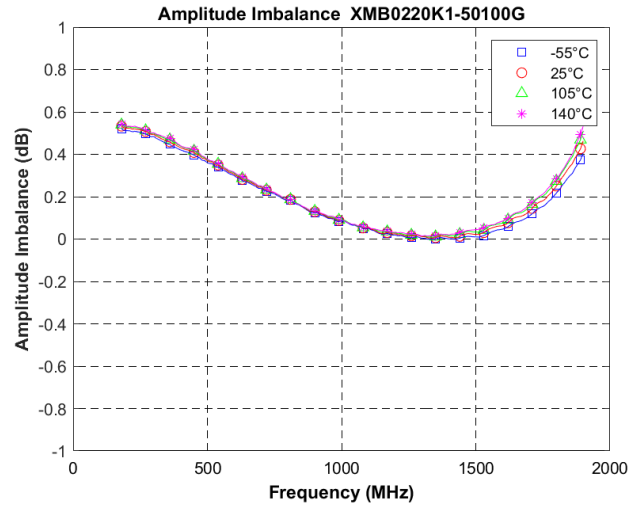
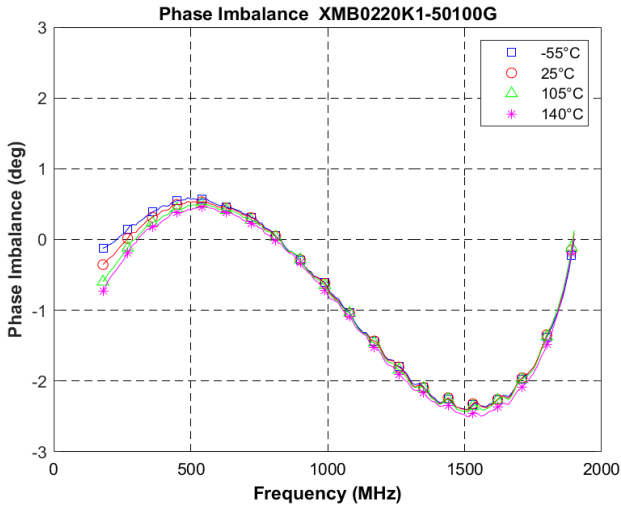
If mounting temperature is greater than 105°C, the Xinger Balun will perform reliably as long as the input power is derated to the curve above.

**Typical Performance: 180 MHz to 1900 MHz**

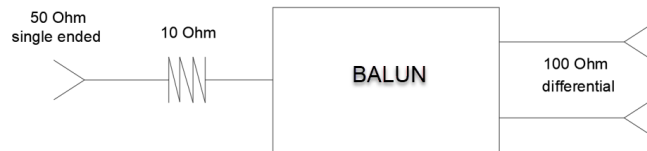


**Note: The performance below is shown with a series Resistor R1 of 10 Ohms at pin 1 (50 Ohm port).**

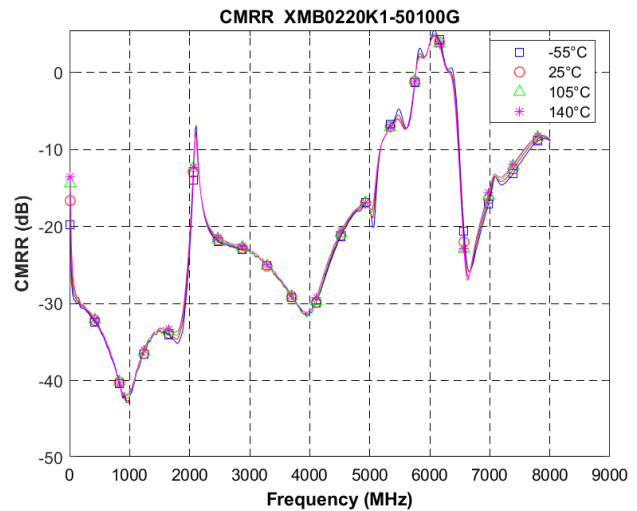
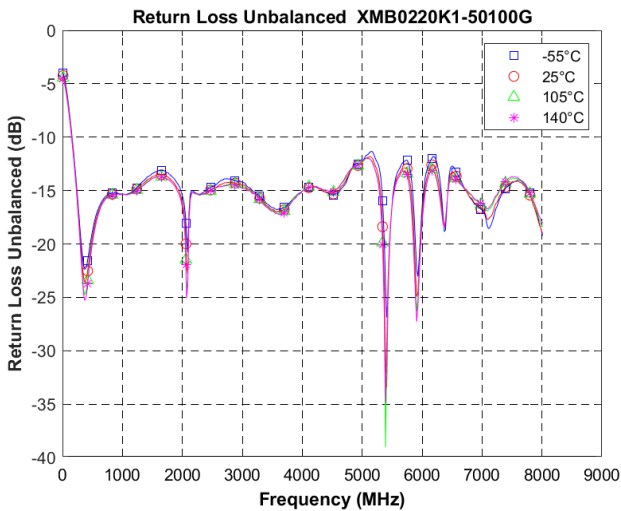


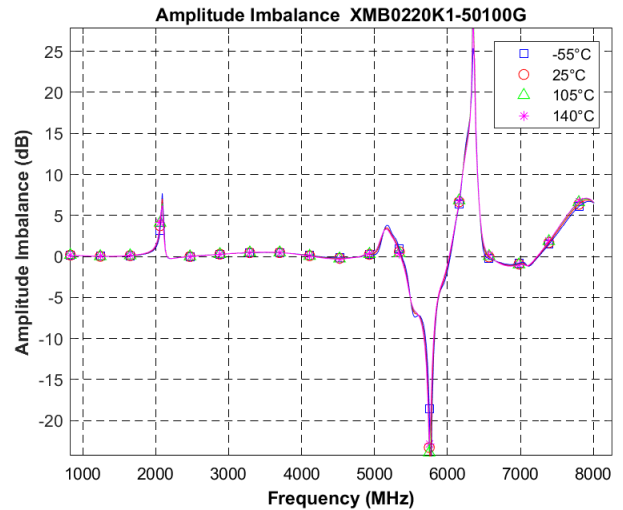
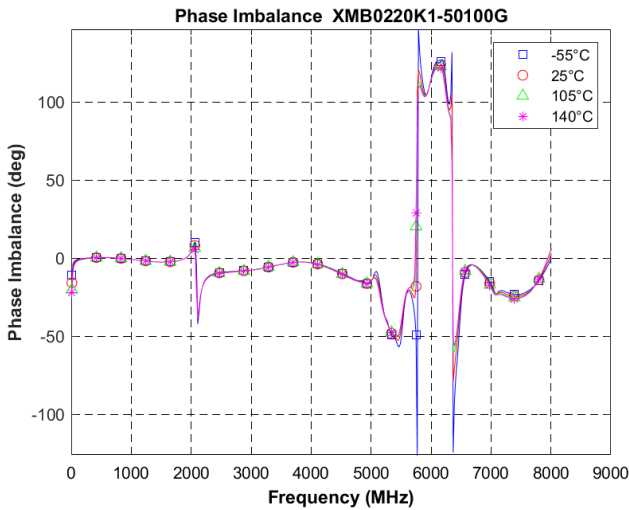
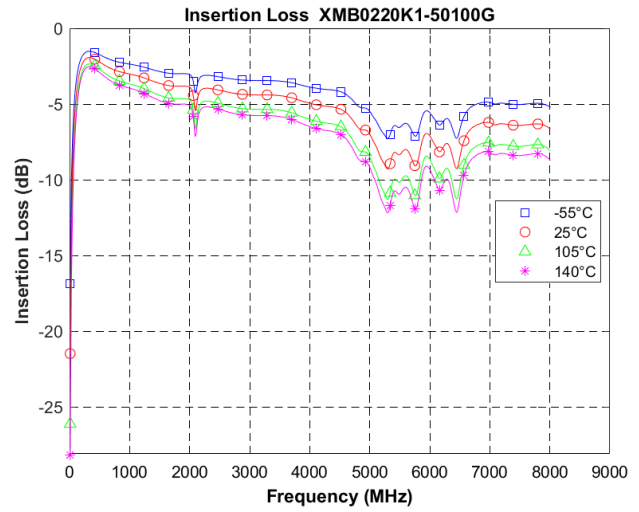
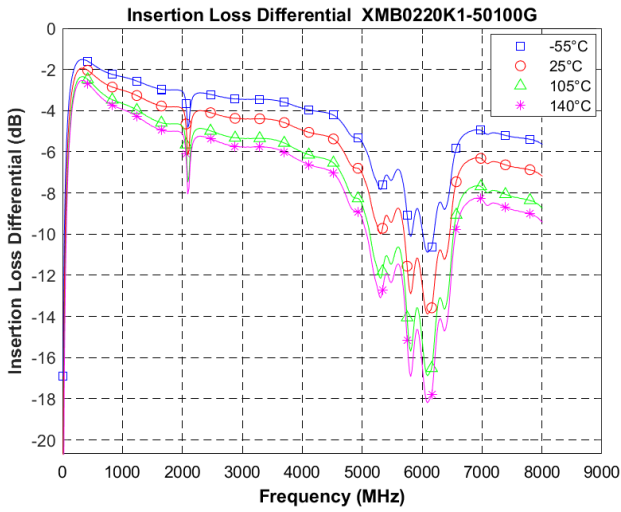


**Broadband Performance: 10 MHz to 8010 MHz**



**Note:** The performance below is shown with a series Resistor R1 of 10 Ohms at pin 1 (50 Ohm port).





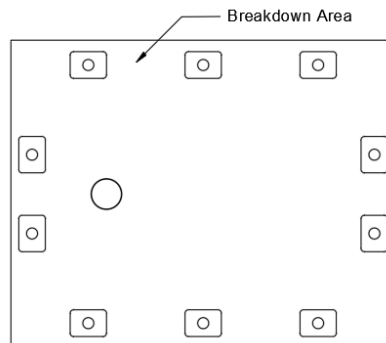
**Definition of Measured Specifications:**

Parameter	Definition	Mathematical Representation
<b>Return Loss</b>	The impedance match at the single ended port.	$RL = 20Log_{10}(S_{11})$
<b>Differential Port Return Loss</b>	The impedance match at the differential port.	$RLD = 20Log_{10} 0.5 * (S_{22} - S_{23} - S_{32} + S_{33}) $
<b>Insertion Loss</b>	Power loss from common mode to differential mode.	$ILD = 20Log_{10}(0.707 * (S_{21} - S_{31}))$
<b>Phase Imbalance</b>	The difference in phase angle between the two differential ports, offset by 180 deg.	$PB = (Phase(S_{21}) - Phase(S_{31})) - 180^\circ$
<b>Amplitude Imbalance</b>	The ratio of the power at differential ports.	$AB = 20Log_{10} \frac{S_{21}}{S_{31}} $
<b>Common Mode Rejection Ratio</b>	The ratio of powers of the differential gain to the common-mode gain.	$CMRR = \pm 20Log_{10}(S_{21}+S_{31})/(S_{21}-S_{31})$

\*100% RF test is performed per spec definition

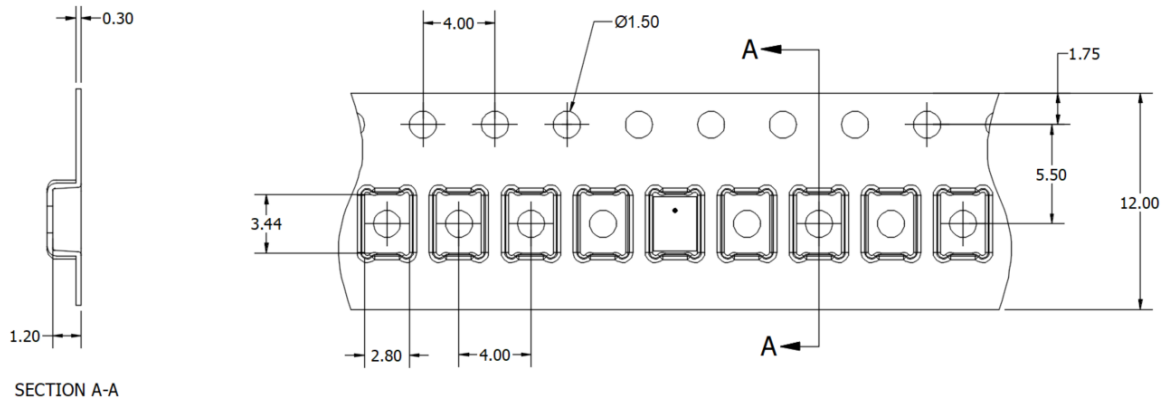
**Peak Power Handling:**

High-Pot testing of these components during the qualification procedure resulted in a minimum breakdown voltage of 1Kv (minimum recorded value). This voltage level corresponds to a breakdown resistance capable of handling at least 12dB peak over average power levels, for very short durations. The breakdown location consistently occurred across the pads and the ground bar. The breakdown levels at these points will be affected by any contamination in the gap area around these pads. These areas must be kept clean for optimum performance. It is recommended that the user test for voltage breakdown under the maximum operating conditions and over worst case modulation induced power peaking. This evaluation should also include extreme environmental conditions (such as high humidity).



**Packaging and Ordering Information:**

Parts are available in reel and are packaged per EIA 481. Parts are oriented in tape and reel as shown below. Minimum order quantities are 500 per reel.



Dimensions are in Millimeters

Direction of Part Feed (Unloading)

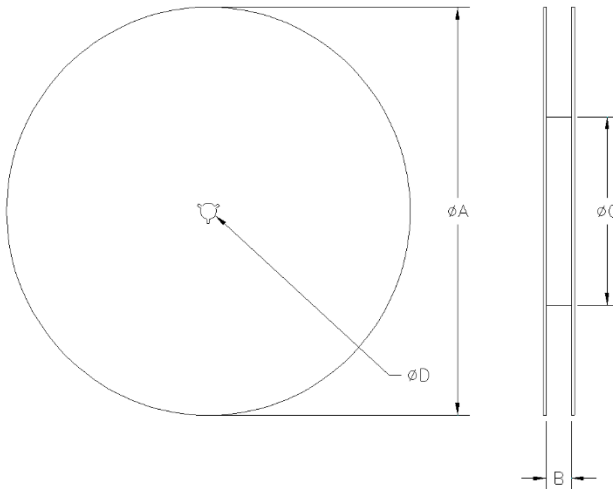


TABLE 1 (for 500 pcs)	
REEL DIMENSIONS (inches [mm])	
$\varnothing A$	7.0 [177.80]
B	.472 [12.0]
$\varnothing C$	2.00 [50.80]
$\varnothing D$	0.512 [13.0]

Contact us:  
[rf&s\\_support@ttm.com](mailto:rf&s_support@ttm.com)