

Hybrid Coupler
2 dB

Xinger III



Description:

The **X3C45F1-02S** is a low profile, high performance 2dB coupler in a new easy to use, manufacturing friendly surface mount package. It is designed particularly for LTE and 5G wireless communication frequency bands. The **X3C45F1-02S** can be used for signal splitting or combining in balanced amplifiers and Doherty power amplifiers, where low insertion loss and tight amplitude and phase balance control are required.

Parts have been subjected to rigorous qualification testing and they are manufactured using materials with coefficients of thermal expansion (CTE) compatible with common substrates such as FR4, RF-35, RO4350 and polyimide. Produced with 6 of 6 RoHS compliant tin immersion finish.

Detailed Electrical Specifications:

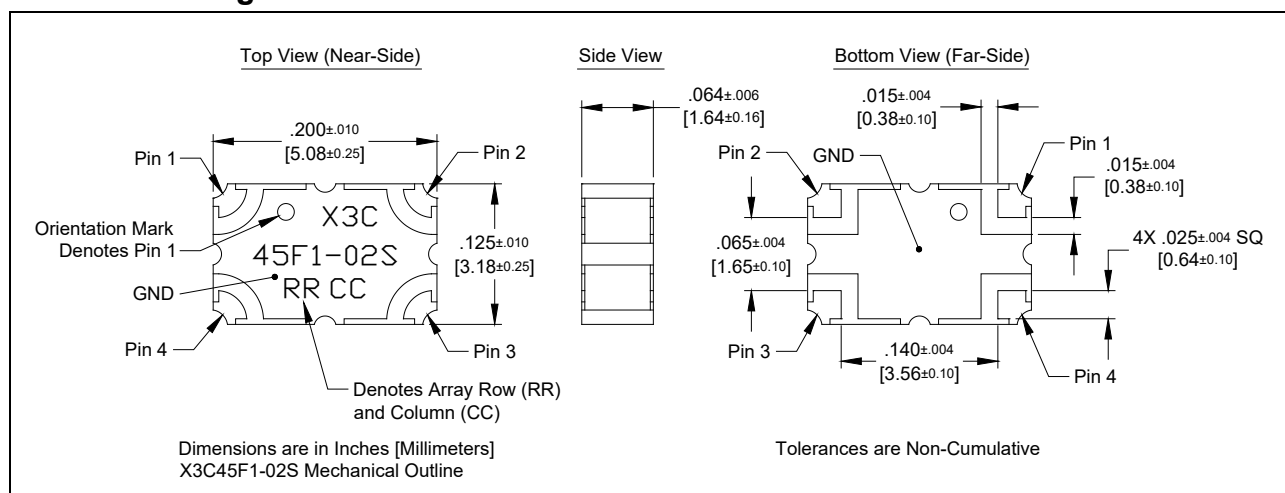
Features:

- 3600-5100 MHz
- LTE and 5G
- Very Low Loss
- Tight Amplitude Balance
- Tight Phase Balance
- High Isolation
- Production Friendly
- Tape and Reel
- Lead Free

Frequency	Directivity	Insertion Loss	VSWR
MHz	dB Min	dB Max	Max : 1
3600-5100	21	0.22	1.2
4400-5000	21	0.2	1.16
Coupling	Phase	Power	Operating Temp.
dB	Degrees	Avg.CW Watts at 105°C	°C
1.9 ± 0.2	90 ± 4.0	25	-55 to 150
1.9 ± 0.2	90 ± 4.0	25	

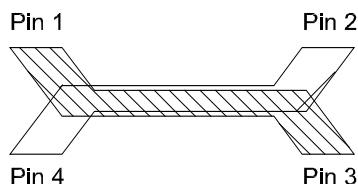
**Specification based on performance of unit properly installed on TTM Technologies Test Board with small signal applied. *Specifications subject to change without notice. Refer to parameter definitions for details.

Outline Drawing:



Hybrid Coupler Pin Configuration

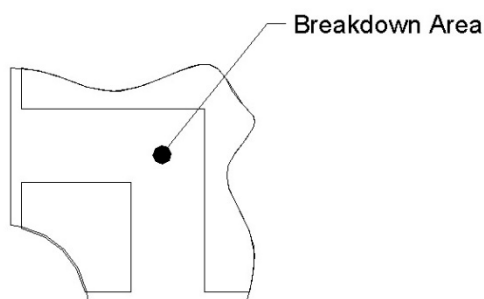
The X3C45F1-02S has an orientation marker to denote Pin 1. Once port one has been identified the other ports are known automatically. Please see the chart below for clarification:



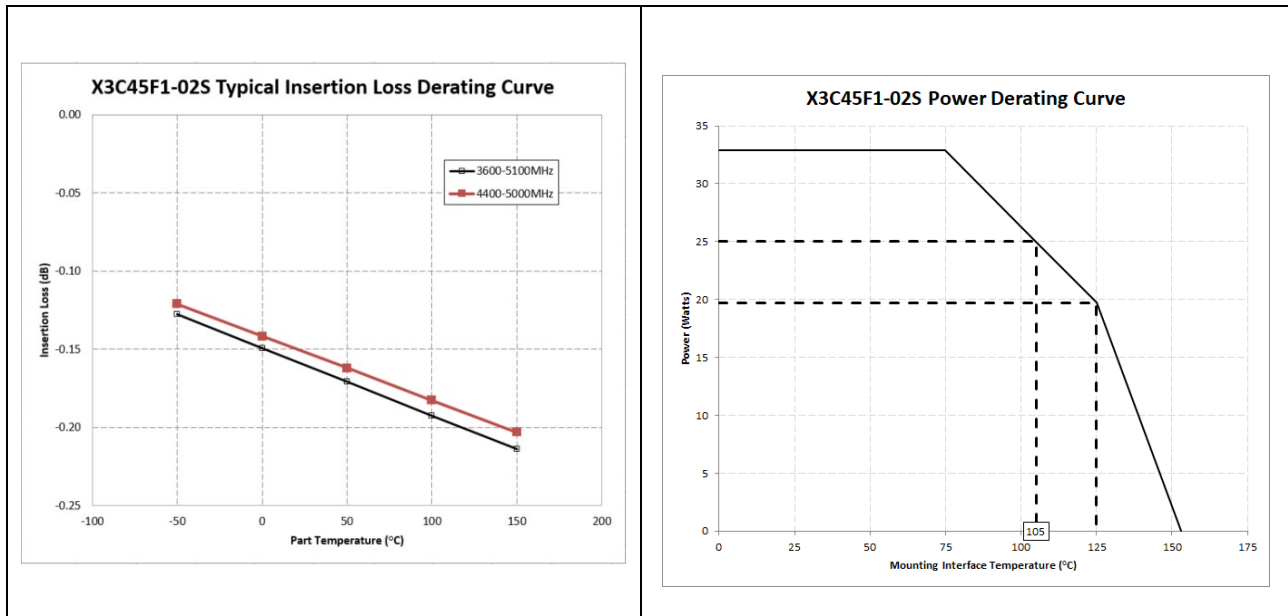
Configuration	Pin 1	Pin 2	Pin 3	Pin 4
Splitter	Input	Isolated	-5dB < Θ -90	-2dB < Θ
Splitter	Isolated	Input	-2dB < Θ	-5dB < Θ -90
Splitter	-5dB < Θ -90	-2dB < Θ	Input	Isolated
Splitter	-2dB < Θ	-5dB < Θ -90	Isolated	Input

Peak Power Handling

High-Pot testing of these couplers during the qualification procedure resulted in a minimum breakdown voltage of 1.47Kv (minimum recorded value). This voltage level corresponds to a breakdown resistance capable of handling at least 12dB peaks over average power levels, for very short durations. The breakdown location consistently occurred across the air interface at the coupler contact pads (see illustration below). The breakdown levels at these points will be affected by any contamination in the gap area around these pads. These areas must be kept clean for optimum performance. It is recommended that the user test for voltage breakdown under the maximum operating conditions and over worst case modulation induced power peaking. This evaluation should also include extreme environmental conditions (such as high humidity).



Insertion Loss and Power Derating Curves



Insertion Loss Derating:

The insertion loss, at a given frequency, of a group of couplers is measured at 25°C and then averaged. The measurements are performed under small signal conditions (i.e. using a Vector Network Analyzer). The process is repeated at -55, 105°C and 150°C. A best-fit line for the measured data is computed and then plotted from -55°C to 150°C.

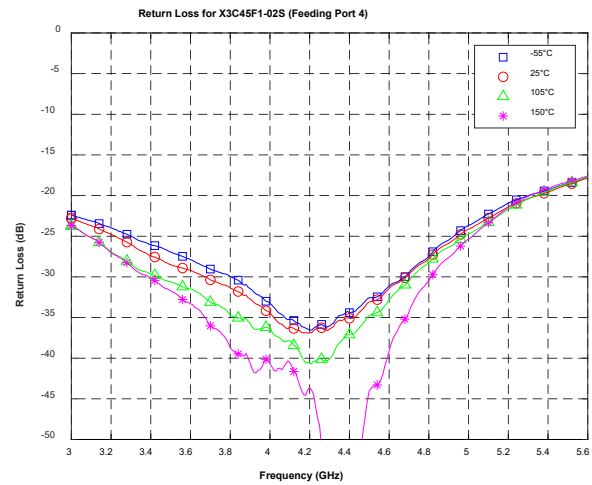
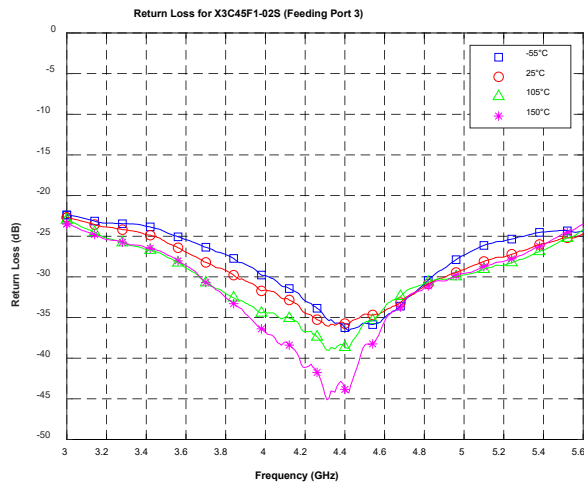
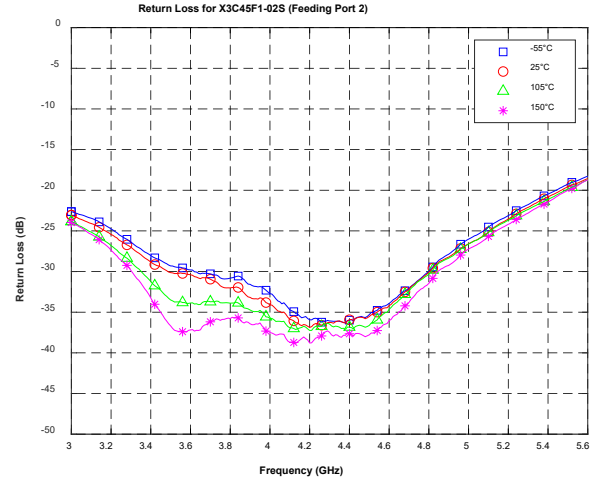
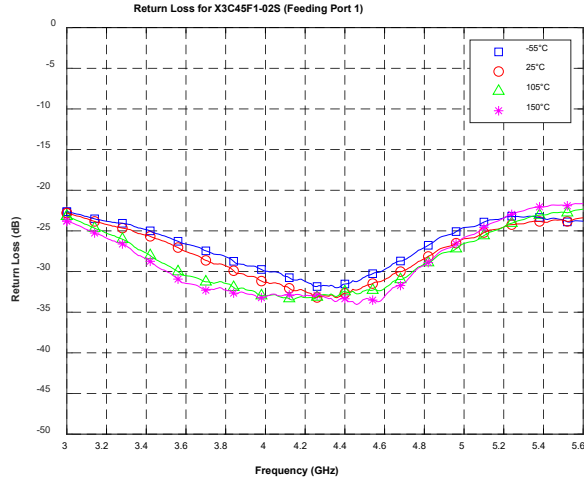
Power Derating:

The power handling and corresponding power derating plots are a function of the thermal resistance, mounting surface temperature (base plate temperature), maximum continuous operating temperature of the coupler, and the thermal insertion loss. The thermal insertion loss is defined in the Power Handling section of the data sheet.

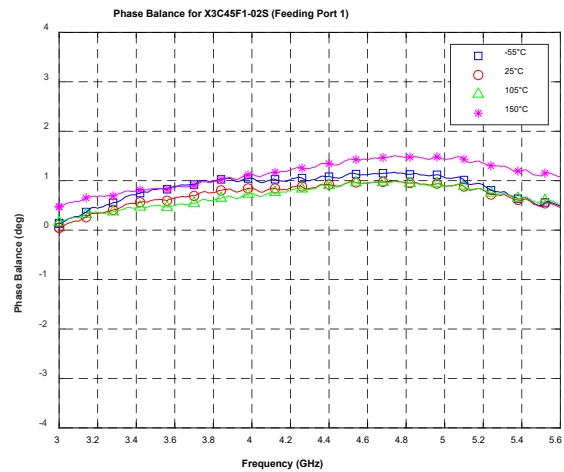
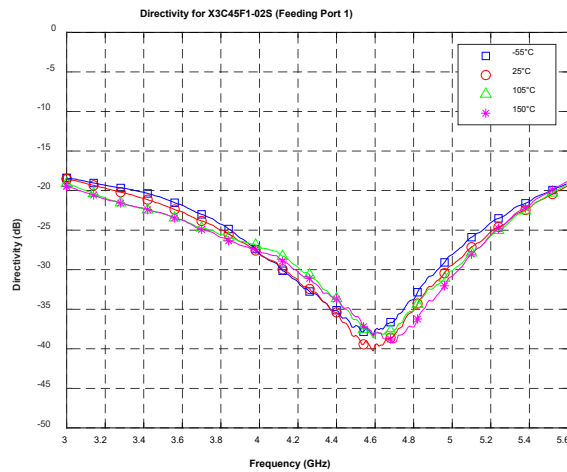
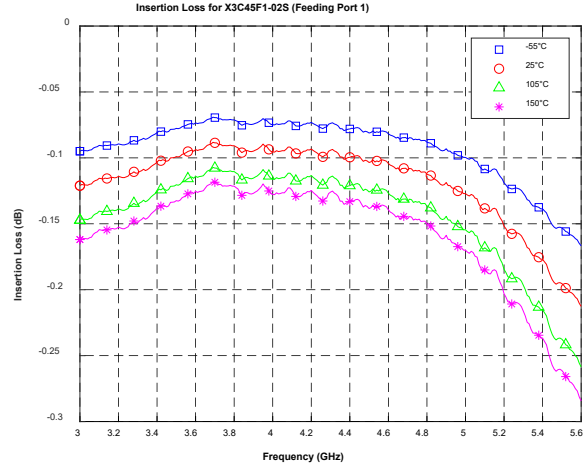
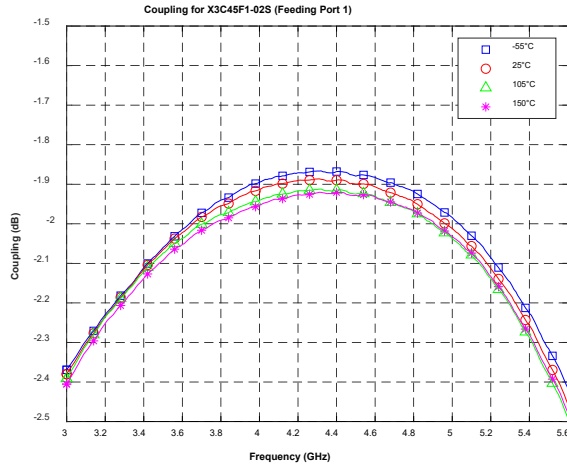
As the mounting interface temperature approaches the maximum continuous operating temperature, the power handling decreases to zero.

If mounting temperature is greater than 105°C, Xinger coupler will perform reliably as long as the input power is derated to the curve above.

Typical Performance: (-55°C, 25°C, 95°C, 150°C)



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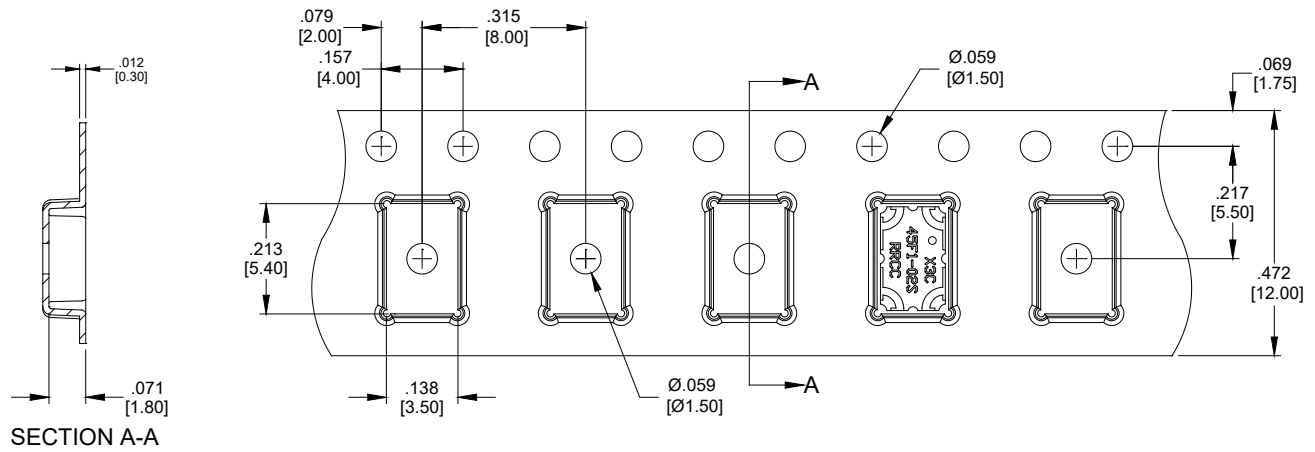


Definition of Measured Specifications

Parameter	Definition	Mathematical Representation
VSWR (Voltage Standing Wave Ratio)	The impedance match of the coupler to a 50Ω system. A VSWR of 1:1 is optimal.	$VSWR = \frac{V_{max}}{V_{min}}$ Vmax = voltage maxima of a standing wave Vmin = voltage minima of a standing wave
Return Loss	The impedance match of the coupler to a 50Ω system. Return Loss is an alternate means to express VSWR.	$Return\ Loss(dB) = 20\log \frac{VSWR + 1}{VSWR - 1}$
Insertion Loss	The input power divided by the sum of the power at the two output ports.	$Insertion\ Loss(dB) = 10\log \frac{P_{in}}{P_{cpl} + P_{direct}}$
Directivity	The power at the coupled port divided by the power at the isolated port.	$10\log \frac{P_{cpl}}{P_{iso}}$
Phase Balance	The difference in phase angle between the two output ports.	Phase at coupled port – Phase at direct port
Mean Coupling	At a given frequency (ω_n), coupling is the input power divided by the power at the coupled port. Mean coupling is the average value of the coupling values in the band. N is the number of frequencies in the band.	$Coupling(dB) = C(\omega_n) = 10\log \frac{P_{in}(\omega_n)}{P_{cpl}(\omega_n)}$ $Mean\ Coupling(dB) = \frac{\sum_{n=1}^N C(\omega_n)}{N}$
Group Delay	Group delay is average of group delay's from input port to the coupled port	Average (GD-C)

Packaging and Ordering Information

Parts are available in reels. Packaging follows EIA 481-D for reels. Parts are oriented in tape and reel as shown below. Tape and reel is available in 4000 pcs per reel.



Dimensions are in Inches [Millimeters]

Direction of Part Feed (Unloading)

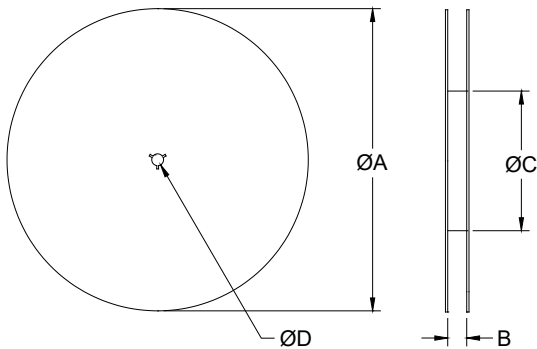


TABLE 1 REEL DIMENSIONS (Inches[mm])	
ØA	13.0 [330.0]
B	.472 [12.0]
ØC	4.017 [102.03]
ØD	.512 [13.0]

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